

Personal, Social and Emotional Development

This term we will be focusing on Building Relationships. We will be providing safe opportunities for practicing some of the social skills required to build and sustain friendships within the classroom. These are: turn taking, playing cooperatively, managing conflicts and exploring appropriate ways of being assertive.

Expressive Arts and Design

We will provide opportunities for children to develop their imaginative play through small world, role play, puppets, dressing up and authentic resources. Children will be supported in bringing their own first-hand experiences to their play and building on these with new ideas.

Communication and Language

This term we are focusing on the use of core boards within the classroom to develop independence in communication. We will also be incorporating into the enhanced provision as well as adult led activities to teach and new vocabulary based on our current learning. We will be continuing to deliver daily Attention Autism sessions through Bucket Time with a focus on being secure in stages 1 and 2. We will begin delivering the BLAST program this term.

The Sensory Garden

Physical Development

Our focus in Physical Development this term is Dance. We will be exploring different ways of moving to music using our own interpretations alongside actions and sequences of movements. We will provide opportunities to use equipment to enhance our dancing and develop rhythm. PE takes place in the school hall, enabling the children to access the wider school environment.

Enrichment

Forest welly walk, Easter egg hunt, World Book Day

Understanding the World

We will be focussing on exploring each of our 5 senses and how they can help to access the world around us. We will be learning the concept of same and different through the exploration of natural resources and their properties.

Literacy

Our fiction book this term is “We’re going on an Egg Hunt” by Martha Mumford. Our non-fiction book is “My First Book of Garden Wildlife” by Mike Unwin. We will be engaging with the texts through sensory experiences, child led enhanced provision and adult led activities. We will be delivering daily phonics sessions using the SEND Little Wandle scheme, which includes Rhyme Time for all learners.

Maths

Our focus in Maths this term is to deepen our understanding of numbers to 10. We will be refining our counting skills by learning 1:1 correspondence and accurate counting methods. We will be using these skills to match numerals and quantities, particularly between 5 and 10. We will also be engaging in short 1:1 activities twice daily to develop our understanding of basic concepts, including matching and sorting.

Area of Learning	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5
Personal, Social and Emotional Development	Waiting my turn	Turn taking in a game	Playing with a friend	Managing conflicts	Ways of being assertive
Communication and Language	Using core boards	Using core boards	Using core boards	Using core boards	Using core boards
Physical Development	Free dance with ribbons	Parachute dancing	Follow the leader	Animal dancing	Koo Koo Kangaroo
Literacy	My First Book of Garden Wildlife	My First Book of Garden Wildlife	We’re Going on an Egg Hunt	We’re Going on an Egg Hunt	We’re Going on an Egg Hunt
Maths	1:1 counting (Objects can be touched or moved)	1:1 counting (actions)	Link numerals and quantities to 10	Matching	Sorting
Expressive Arts and Design	Fort building using large resources	Small world play	Puppets/puppet shows	Role play (shops/restaurants)	Dress up play

Understanding the World	See	Hear	Touch	Smell	Taste
Phonics	Incy Wincy Spider	Incy Wincy Spider	Mary, Mary quite Contrary	Mary, Mary quite Contrary	Mary, Mary quite Contrary

Assessment focus Spring 2

Areas of Learning	Level 1	Level 2
PSED	Begin to show effortful control	Play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating on play ideas
CL	Recognise and point to objects if asked about them	Begins to understand “why” questions
PD	Clap and stamp to music	Increasingly able to use and remember sequences and patterns of movements which are related to music and rhythm
Literacy	Pay attention and respond to the pictures or the words Enjoy drawing freely	Read individual letters by saying sounds for them Writes some or all of their name

Areas of Learning	Level 1	Level 2
Maths	Combine objects like stacking blocks and cups. Put objects inside others and take them out again Develop counting-like behaviour	Say one number for each item in order to 10 Link numerals and amounts up to 10
EAD	Start to develop pretend play, pretending that one object represents another	Take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment
UTW	Explore natural materials with different properties Explore natural materials indoors and outside	Use all senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties

Assessment Levels

Level 1

Communication and Language
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Turn towards familiar sounds. They are also startled by loud noises and accurately locate the source of a familiar person's voice, such as their key person or a parent. Gaze at faces, copying facial expressions and movements like sticking out their tongue. Make eye contact for longer periods. Watch someone's face as they talk. Copy what adults do, taking 'turns' in conversations (through babbling) and activities. Try to copy adult speech and lip movements. Enjoy singing, music and toys that make sounds. Recognise and are calmed by a familiar and friendly voice. Listen and respond to a simple instruction.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make sounds to get attention in different ways (for example, crying when hungry or unhappy, making gurgling sounds, laughing, cooing or babbling). Babble, using sounds like 'baba', 'mamama'. Use gestures like waving and pointing to communicate.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reach or point to something they want while making sounds. Copy your gestures and words. Constantly babble and use single words during play. Use intonation, pitch and changing volume when 'talking'.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify familiar objects and properties for practitioners when they are described. For example: 'Katie's coat', 'blue car', 'shiny apple'. Understand and act on longer sentences like 'make teddy jump' or 'find your coat'.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand simple questions about 'who', 'what' and 'where' (but generally not 'why').

Personal, Social and Emotional Development
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Find ways to calm themselves, through being calmed and comforted by their key person.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Establish their sense of self.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Express preferences and decisions. They also try new things and start establishing their autonomy. Engage with others through gestures, gaze and talk. Use that engagement to achieve a goal. For example, gesture towards their cup to say they want a drink.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Find ways of managing transitions, for example from their parent to their key person.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Thrive as they develop self-assurance.

Physical Development
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lift their head while lying on their front. Push their chest up with straight arms. Roll over: from front to back, then back to front. Enjoy moving when outdoors and inside.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sit without support. Begin to crawl in different ways and directions. Pull themselves upright and bouncing in preparation for walking.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reach out for objects as co-ordination develops. Pass things from one hand to the other. Let go of things and hand them to another person, or drop them.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gradually gain control of their whole body through continual practice of large movements, such as waving, kicking, rolling, crawling and walking. Clap and stamp to music.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fit themselves into spaces, like tunnels, dens and large boxes, and move around in them. Enjoy starting to kick, throw and catch balls.

Literacy

- Enjoy songs and rhymes, tuning in and paying attention.
 - Join in with songs and rhymes, copying sounds, rhythms, tunes and tempo.
 - Say some of the words in songs and rhymes.
 - Copy finger movements and other gestures.
 - Sing songs and say rhymes independently, for example, singing whilst playing.
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- Enjoy sharing books with an adult.
 - Pay attention and respond to the pictures or the words.
 - Have favourite books and seek them out, to share with an adult, with another child, or to look at alone.
 - Repeat words and phrases from familiar stories.
 - Ask questions about the book. Makes comments and shares their own ideas.
 - Develop play around favourite stories using props.
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- Notice some print, such as the first letter of their name, a bus or door number, or a familiar logo.
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- Enjoy drawing freely.
 - Add some marks to their drawings, which they give meaning to. For example: "That says mummy."
 - Make marks on their picture to stand for their name.

Mathematics

- Combine objects like stacking blocks and cups. Put objects inside others and take them out again.
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- Take part in finger rhymes with numbers.
 - React to changes of amount in a group of up to three items.
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- Compare amounts, saying 'lots', 'more' or 'same'.
 - Develop counting-like behaviour, such as making sounds, pointing or saying some numbers in sequence.
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- Count in everyday contexts, sometimes skipping numbers - '1-2-3-5.'
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- Climb and squeeze themselves into different types of spaces.
 - Build with a range of resources.
 - Complete inset puzzles.
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- Compare sizes, weights etc. using gesture and language - 'bigger/little/smaller', 'high/low', 'tall', 'heavy'.
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- Notice patterns and arrange things in patterns.

Understanding the World

- Repeat actions that have an effect.
 - Explore materials with different properties.
 - Explore natural materials, indoors and outside.
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- Explore and respond to different natural phenomena in their setting and on trips.
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- Make connections between the features of their family and other families.
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- Notice differences between people.

Expressive Arts and Design

- Show attention to sounds and music.
 - Respond emotionally and physically to music when it changes.
 - Move and dance to music.
 - Anticipate phrases and actions in rhymes and songs, like 'Peepo'.
 - Explore their voices and enjoy making sounds.
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- Join in with songs and rhymes, making some sounds.
 - Make rhythmical and repetitive sounds.
 - Explore a range of sound-makers and instruments and play them in different ways.
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- Notice patterns with strong contrasts and be attracted by patterns resembling the human face.
 - Start to make marks intentionally.
 - Explore paint, using fingers and other parts of their bodies as well as brushes and other tools.
 - Express ideas and feelings through making marks, and sometimes give a meaning to the marks they make.
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- Enjoy and take part in action songs, such as 'Twinkle, Twinkle Little Star'.
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- Start to develop pretend play, pretending that one object represents another. For example, a child holds a wooden block to her ear and pretends it's a phone.
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- Explore different materials, using all their senses to investigate them. Manipulate and play with different materials.
 - Use their imagination as they consider what they can do with different materials.
 - Make simple models which express their ideas.

Level 2

Communication and Language

- Enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens.
- Pay attention to more than one thing at a time, which can be difficult.
- Use a wider range of vocabulary.
- Understand a question or instruction that has two parts, such as "Get your coat and wait at the door".
- Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?"
- Sing a large repertoire of songs.
- Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story.
- Develop their communication, but may continue to have problems with irregular tenses and plurals, such as 'runned' for 'ran', 'swimmed' for 'swam'.
- Develop their pronunciation but may have problems saying:
 - some sounds: r, j, th, ch, and sh
 - multisyllabic words such as 'pterodactyl', 'planetarium' or 'hippopotamus'
- Use longer sentences of four to six words.
- Be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions.
- Start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns.
- Use talk to organise themselves and their play: "Let's go on a bus... you sit there... I'll be the driver."

Personal, Social and Emotional Development

- Select and use activities and resources, with help when needed. This helps them to achieve a goal they have chosen, or one which is suggested to them.
- Develop their sense of responsibility and membership of a community.
- Become more outgoing with unfamiliar people, in the safe context of their setting.
- Show more confidence in new social situations.
- Play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating play ideas.
- Find solutions to conflicts and rivalries. For example, accepting that not everyone can be Spider-Man in the game, and suggesting other ideas.
- Increasingly follow rules, understanding why they are important.
- Remember rules without needing an adult to remind them.
- Develop appropriate ways of being assertive.
- Talk with others to solve conflicts.
- Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'.
- Understand gradually how others might be feeling.
- Be increasingly independent in meeting their own care needs, e.g. brushing teeth, using the toilet, washing and drying their hands thoroughly.
- Make healthy choices about food, drink, activity and toothbrushing.

Physical Development

- Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes and bikes) and ball skills.
- Go up steps and stairs, or climb up apparatus, using alternate feet.
- Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues.
- Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks.
- Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves, or in teams.
- Increasingly be able to use and remember sequences and patterns of movements which are related to music and rhythm.
- Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the setting. For example, they decide whether to crawl, walk or run across a plank, depending on its length and width.
- Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan. For example, choosing a spade to enlarge a small hole they dug with a trowel.
- Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks.
- Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors.
- Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils.
- Show a preference for a dominant hand.
- Be increasingly independent as they get dressed and undressed, for example, putting coats on and doing up zips.

Literacy

- Understand the five key concepts about print:
 - print has meaning
 - print can have different purposes
 - we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom
 - the names of the different parts of a book
 - page sequencing
- Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can:
 - spot and suggest rhymes
 - count or clap syllables in a word
 - recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother
- Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.
- Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing. For example: writing a pretend shopping list that starts at the top of the page; writing 'm' for mummy.
- Write some or all of their name.
- Write some letters accurately.

Mathematics

- Develop fast recognition of up to 3 objects, without having to count them individually ('subitising').
- Recite numbers past 5.
- Say one number for each item in order: 1,2,3,4,5.
- Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal principle').
- Show 'finger numbers' up to 5.
- Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral, up to 5.
- Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals.
- Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5.
- Compare quantities using language: 'more than', 'fewer than'.
- Talk about and explore 2D and 3D shapes (for example, circles, rectangles, triangles and cuboids) using informal and mathematical language: 'sides', 'corners'; 'straight', 'flat', 'round'.
- Understand position through words alone – for example, "The bag is under the table," – with no pointing.
- Describe a familiar route.
- Discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind'.
- Make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity.
- Select shapes appropriately: flat surfaces for building, a triangular prism for a roof etc.
- Combine shapes to make new ones – an arch, a bigger triangle etc.
- Talk about and identifies the patterns around them. For example: stripes on clothes, designs on rugs and wallpaper. Use informal language like 'pointy', 'spotty', 'blobs' etc.
- Extend and create ABAB patterns – stick, leaf, stick, leaf.
- Notice and correct an error in a repeating pattern.
- Begin to describe a sequence of events, real or fictional, using words such as 'first', 'then...'

Understanding the World

- Use all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials.
- Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties.
- Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary.
- Begin to make sense of their own life-story and family's history.
- Show interest in different occupations.
- Explore how things work.
- Plant seeds and care for growing plants.
- Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal.
- Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things.
- Explore and talk about different forces they can feel.
- Talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice.
- Continue developing positive attitudes about the differences between people.
- Know that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos.

Expressive Arts and Design

- Take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar.
- Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment like animal sets, dolls and dolls houses etc.
- Make imaginative and complex 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits, such as a city with different buildings and a park.
- Explore different materials freely, to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make.
- Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them.
- Join different materials and explore different textures.
- Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to use these shapes to represent objects.
- Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details.
- Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises.
- Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear etc.
- Explore colour and colour-mixing.
- Listen with increased attention to sounds.
- Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings.
- Remember and sing entire songs.
- Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match').
- Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs.
- Create their own songs or improvise a song around one they know.
- Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.

Level 3

Communication and Language	Personal, Social and Emotional Development	Physical Development
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> See themselves as a valuable individual. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - rolling - crawling - walking - jumping - running - hopping - skipping - climbing
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Learn new vocabulary. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Build constructive and respectful relationships. 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use new vocabulary through the day. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others. 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Think about the perspectives of others. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Develop the overall body strength, co-ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describe events in some detail. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Manage their own needs. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Personal hygiene 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities, and to explain how things work and why they might happen. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - regular physical activity - healthy eating - toothbrushing - sensible amounts of 'screen time' - having a good sleep routine - being a safe pedestrian 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Develop social phrases. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Engage in story times. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Combine different movements with ease and fluency.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text, some as exact repetition and some in their own words. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Develop overall body-strength, balance, co-ordination and agility.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use new vocabulary in different contexts. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Develop confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Learn rhymes, poems and songs. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Engage in non-fiction books. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - lining up and queuing - mealtimes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary. 		

Literacy

- Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them.
- Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter-sound correspondences.
- Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them.
- Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme.
- Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words.
- Re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment.
- Form lower-case and capital letters correctly.
- Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s.
- Write short sentences with words with known letter-sound correspondences using a capital letter and full stop.
- Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense.

Mathematics

- Count objects, actions and sounds.
- Subitise.
- Link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal number value.
- Count beyond ten.
- Compare numbers.
- Understand the 'one more than/one less than' relationship between consecutive numbers.
- Explore the composition of numbers to 10.
- Automatically recall number bonds for numbers 0-5 and some to 10.
- Select, rotate and manipulate shapes to develop spatial reasoning skills.
- Compose and decompose shapes so that children recognise a shape can have other shapes *within it*, just as numbers can.
- Continue, copy and create repeating patterns.
- Compare length, weight and capacity.

Understanding the World

- Talk about members of their immediate family and community.
- Name and describe people who are familiar to them.
- Comment on images of familiar situations in the past.
- Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past.
- Draw information from a simple map.
- Understand that some places are special to members of their community.
- Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways.
- Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries.
- Explore the natural world around them.
- Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside.
- Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which they live.
- Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them.

Expressive Arts and Design

- Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.
- Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them.
- Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills.
- Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses.
- Watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses.
- Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody.
- Develop storylines in their pretend play.
- Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups.